

Q). A program of Timer Control

Sol. Private sub Timer1_Timer()
 Timer1.Interval = 40
 Label1.Left = Label1.Left - 50
 if (Label1.Left < -1200)
 Label1.Left = me.ScaleWidth
 end if
 end sub.

8/8/12

* Declaration & Uses of Memory Spaces in Variable in

Variables are Memory spaces which are used to store some value of specific type within specific range & can be change during program execution. Every variable has name, Data type & Scope.

When we declare a variable V.B. ~~resolv~~ reserves an area of memory & assigned it's name called Identifier.

A variable has two associated things a Name & a datatype.

* Variable Naming Convention in

- 1) Variable Name must be less than 255 character.
- 2) It cannot contain spaces or special character except underscore.
- 3) A variable name must begins with character.
- 4) It must be unique within same scope.

* Declaration of variable :-

A variable can be declared as given below:-

Syntax :-

Dim <variable_name> [[as datatype],
<variable_name> [As Datatype], ---]

~~Ex~~

The statement 'Dim' represents Dimensions.
'Variable-name' is an identifier name &
datatype is the valid data type of V.BASIC.

The symbol "< >" represents Mandatory Field (necessary).

The symbol "[]" represents optional field.

Example :

- 1) Dim X As Integer
- 2) Dim X
- 3) Dim X, Y As Integer
- 4) Dim X As Integer, Y As Integer

Private Sub command-click ()

a

x = 10

Print x

end sub

9/8/12

* Variable naming Conversion

- 1) Variable name must be less than 255 characters.
- 2) It can not contain spaces or special character except underscore.
- 3) A variable name must begin with character.
- 4) It must be unique within same scope.