

16.06.2021.

Mathematics Houe.

B. Sc. Part-II

Paper-IVth.

Topic: Product of three vectors
(Example)

① Show that $\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) + \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) + \vec{c} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = 0$.
and show that the vectors

$\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}), \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}), \vec{c} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$
are coplanar.

Sol: L.H.S

$$\begin{aligned} & \vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) + \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) + \vec{c} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \\ &= (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c})\vec{b} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})\vec{c} + (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{a})\vec{c} - \\ & \quad (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})\vec{a} + (\vec{c} \cdot \vec{b})\vec{a} - (\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a})\vec{b} \\ & \quad [\because \vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c})\vec{b} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})\vec{c} \text{ etc.}] \\ &= 0 \quad [\because \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{b} \cdot \vec{a} \text{ etc.}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) + \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) + \vec{c} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = 0$$

Thus we have from relation ①

$\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}), \vec{b} \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}),$

$\vec{c} \times (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$ are

Coplanar.

2) Prove that

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$$(i) [\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}] = [\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}]$$

(ii) if $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are coplanar, then show that

$$[\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}] = 0.$$

~~(iii) if $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are coplanar, then show that~~

$$\cancel{[\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}] = 0.}$$

(iii) if $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are linearly independent then show that

$[\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}]$ are also linearly independent.

$$\text{Sol: } (i) [\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}]$$

$$= (\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \cdot [(\vec{b} + \vec{c}) \times (\vec{c} + \vec{a})]$$

$$= (\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \cdot [\vec{b} \times \vec{c} + \vec{b} \times \vec{a} + \vec{c} \times \vec{c} + \vec{c} \times \vec{a}]$$

$$= \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) + \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{a}) +$$

$$\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) + \vec{b} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) +$$

$$\vec{b} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{a}) + \vec{b} \cdot (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) \quad [\because \vec{c} \times \vec{c} = 0.]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] + [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] + [\vec{a} \vec{c} \vec{b}] + [\vec{b} \vec{b} \vec{c}] + [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{b}] + [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{c}]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] + [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{a}] \quad [\because \text{Scalar triple product of three vectors is zero if two of them are equal}]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] + [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] = 2 [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]$$

(ii) $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are coplanar then $[\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] = 0$.

$$\therefore (\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}) = 2 [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]$$

$$\Rightarrow [\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}] = 0$$

$$[\because [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] = 0]$$

(iii) if $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are linearly independent then $[\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] \neq 0$.

$$\text{Then, } [\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}]$$

$$= 2 [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] \neq 0$$

$$\therefore [\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}] \neq 0$$

Thus $\vec{a} + \vec{b}, \vec{b} + \vec{c}, \vec{c} + \vec{a}$

are linearly independent

③ Prove that

$$[\vec{a} \times \vec{b}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c}, \vec{c} \times \vec{a}] = [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]^2$$

also put the result in determinant form.

Solⁿ:

$$\text{L.H.S.} = [\vec{a} \times \vec{b}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c}, \vec{c} \times \vec{a}]$$

$$= (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot [(\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a})]$$

$$= (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \{ m \times (\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) \}$$

[where $m = \vec{b} \times \vec{c}$]

$$= (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot [(\vec{m} \cdot \vec{a}) \vec{c} - (\vec{m} \cdot \vec{c}) \vec{a}]$$

$$= (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot [(\vec{b} \times \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}) \vec{c} - (\vec{b} \times \vec{c} \cdot \vec{c}) \vec{a}]$$

$$= (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{a}] \vec{c} = 0.$$

$$[\because \vec{b} \times \vec{c} \cdot \vec{c} = 0]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}] [\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{a}]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}] [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]$$

$$= [\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}]^2$$

Express the result in determinant form

$$\text{Let } \vec{a} = a_1 \vec{i} + a_2 \vec{j} + a_3 \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{b} = b_1 \vec{i} + b_2 \vec{j} + b_3 \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{c} = c_1 \vec{i} + c_2 \vec{j} + c_3 \vec{k}$$

We have

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = (a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2) \vec{i} + (b_1 a_3 - b_3 a_1) \vec{j}$$

$$+ (a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1) \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{b} \times \vec{c} = (b_2 c_3 - b_3 c_2) \vec{i} + (c_1 b_3 - c_3 b_1) \vec{j}$$

$$+ (b_1 c_2 - b_2 c_1) \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{c} \times \vec{a} = (c_2 a_3 - c_3 a_2) \vec{i} + (a_1 c_3 - a_3 c_1) \vec{j}$$

$$+ (c_1 a_2 - c_2 a_1) \vec{k}$$

$$[\vec{a} \times \vec{b}, \vec{b} \times \vec{c}, \vec{c} \times \vec{a}]$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2 & b_1 a_3 - b_3 a_1 & a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1 \\ b_2 c_3 - b_3 c_2 & c_1 b_3 - c_3 b_1 & b_1 c_2 - b_2 c_1 \\ c_2 a_3 - c_3 a_2 & a_1 c_3 - a_3 c_1 & c_1 a_2 - c_2 a_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2 & b_1 a_3 - b_3 a_1 & a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1 \\ b_2 c_3 - b_3 c_2 & c_1 b_3 - c_3 b_1 & b_1 c_2 - b_2 c_1 \\ c_2 a_3 - c_3 a_2 & a_1 c_3 - a_3 c_1 & c_1 a_2 - c_2 a_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_2 b_3 - a_3 b_2 & b_1 a_3 - b_3 a_1 & a_1 b_2 - a_2 b_1 \\ b_2 c_3 - b_3 c_2 & c_1 b_3 - c_3 b_1 & b_1 c_2 - b_2 c_1 \\ c_2 a_3 - c_3 a_2 & a_1 c_3 - a_3 c_1 & c_1 a_2 - c_2 a_1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\text{also } [\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}] = \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$$

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