

Due to the formation of intermolecular H-bond, water molecules are associated together by stronger force of attraction. Therefore, it has high density and is liquid at room temperature.

In H<sub>2</sub>S, intermolecular H-bond is not formed due to larger size and less electronegativity of S. So, H<sub>2</sub>S molecules are associated together by ~~strong~~ weaker van der Waals force. This is why, it has low density and is a gas at room temperature.

Q. In which of the following intermolecular H-bond is not formed?  
 (a) liq H<sub>2</sub>O      (b) liq C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH      (c) liq NH<sub>3</sub>  
~~(d) liq HCl~~

Q. In which of the following intermolecular H-bond is the strongest?

~~(a) liq HF~~      (b) liq H<sub>2</sub>O  
 (c) liq NH<sub>3</sub>      (d) liq HCl

Q. The maximum number of H-bonds that can be formed by a molecule of H<sub>2</sub>O is  
 (a) 1      (b) 2      (c) 3      ~~(d) 4~~

